



United States Department of Agriculture
Natural Resources Conservation Service

Water Quality and Wildlife Enhancement Activity –ANM04- Extend Existing Filter Strips for Water Quality Protection and Wildlife Habitat



Extend existing filter strips

Where existing filter strips are utilized, extend them to gain more efficiency in intercepting overland flow and reducing the transport of nutrients, pesticides and agro-chemicals.

Land Use Applicability

This enhancement is applicable on cropland and pasture land.

Benefits

Widening existing conservation filter strips that currently meet NRCS conservation practice standard criteria can provide food and cover for native and game species as well as enhancing aquatic habitat. Additionally, these extended filter strips offer more surface area to filter out sediments and agro-chemicals.

Riparian habitats are important transition zones between terrestrial landscapes and aquatic zones. Wildlife species utilize these transition zones because they provide a unique combination of cover, access to water and often provide important travel corridors. Often times filter strips are adjacent to these riparian areas or are important for contributing clean water, and habitat areas near by. Extending existing filter strips not only enhances wildlife habitat but it increases the effectiveness of water quality protection they provide to the streams.

Criteria for Extending Existing Filter Strips

Existing filter strips must meet minimum state requirements for width. Extend the existing filter strip for a total of 60 feet or more to enhance habitat and water quality functions.

The extended filter strip must be composed of at least 5 species of non-noxious, wildlife friendly grasses and/or perennial forbs best suited to site conditions. Include species that provide pollinator food and habitat where possible.

- All site preparation and plant establishment shall be accomplished according to the appropriate NRCS conservation practice standard criteria and specifications.
- Any use of the filter strip must not compromise its intended purpose.
- To the extent possible the filter strip areas and extended filter strip areas will be vegetated to increase overland flow interception and increase water quality values of the stream or water body.



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Operation and Maintenance:

- Once established, filter strips must not be mowed, disked, grazed, or otherwise disturbed, until after the primary wildlife ground nesting period has ended.
- Filter strips will be regularly maintained for its intended purpose through the life of the contract. This includes any removal of vegetation, including grazing.
- Grazing is allowed if a grazing management plan is used that will maintain the integrity and diversity of vegetation and the filtering function of the vegetation.
- Filter strips will have a wildlife management plan to maintain established plant communities through the life of the contract. The wildlife plan will maintain the plant community and its structural diversity and provide habitat for intended species.

Documentation Requirements

1. A map showing the location and size of enhanced filter strips.
2. Documentation of the type and rates of vegetation planted in the new filter strip areas.

TENNESSEE SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION FOR THIS ENHANCEMENT
ANM04 – Extend Existing Filter Strips for Water Quality Protection and Wildlife

EXISTING FILTER STRIP

Minimum required width of existing filter strip – 20 feet

APPROVED MIXTURES

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>1. Big Bluestem – 1.0 lbs. PLS
 Indiangrass – 1.0 lbs. PLS
 Little bluestem – 1.0 lbs. PLS
 Sideoats grama – 1.0 lbs. PLS
 Switchgrass – 0.5 lbs. PLS
 PLUS
 Kobe/Korean lespedeza – 5.0 lbs.
 OR
 Single or Mix of: – 1.0 lb.
 Illinois bundleflower
 Partridge pea</p> | <p>2. Little Bluestem – 3.0 lbs. PLS
 Indiangrass – 0.5 lbs. PLS
 Sideoats grama – 1.0 lb. PLS
 Illinois bundleflower – 1.0 lbs.
 Partridge pea – 1.0 lb.</p> |
| <p>3. Little bluestem – 3.0 lbs. PLS
 Sideoats grama – 1.0 lb. PLS
 Switchgrass – 0.5 lbs. PLS
 Native forb from list – 1.0 lb.
 Native forb from list – 1.0 lb.
 (blackeyed susan, lanceleaf coreopsis,
 purple prairie clover, or purple coneflower)</p> | <p>4. Little bluestem – 2.0 lbs. PLS
 Sideoats grama – 2.0 lbs. PLS
 Indiangrass – 0.5 lbs. PLS
 Native forb from list – 1.0 lb.
 Native forb from list – 1.0 lb.
 (blackeyed susan, lanceleaf coreopsis,
 purple prairie clover, or purple coneflower)</p> |

PRIMARY NESTING SEASON

April 15 - August 15

Producer Name:				Date:			
Tract Number:				County:			
Field Number	Existing Filter Strip Average Width (ft)	Existing Filter Strip Length (ft)	Filter Strip Additional Average Width (ft)	Filter Strip Additional Acres	Planned Mixture (no.)	Grazing Plan Required?	
						YES	NO